- (iii) Verification that the claim does not duplicate or conflict with one reviewed previously or currently being reviewed;
- (iv) Verification that a payment does not exceed any reimbursement rates or limits in the State plan; and

(v) Checks for third party liability within the requirements of §433.137 of this chapter.

- (2) The agency must conduct postpayment claims review that meets the requirements of parts 455 and 456 of this chapter, dealing with fraud and utilization control.
- (g) Reports. The agency must provide any reports and documentation on compliance with this section that the Administrator may require.

(Secs. 1102 and 1902(a)(37) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302, 1396a(a)(37)))

[44 FR 30344, May 25, 1979, as amended at 55 FR 1434, Jan. 16, 1990]

# \$ 447.46 Timely claims payment by MCOs.

- (a) Basis and scope. This section implements section 1932(f) of the Act by specifying the rules and exceptions for prompt payment of claims by MCOs.
- (b) *Definitions*. "Claim" and "clean claim" have the meaning given those terms in § 447.45.
- (c) Contract requirements. (1) Basic rule. A contract with an MCO must provide that the organization will meet the requirements of  $\S$ 447.45(d)(2) and (d)(3), and abide by the specifications of  $\S$ 447.45(d)(5) and (d)(6).
- (2) Exception. The MCO and its providers may, by mutual agreement, establish an alternative payment schedule.
- (3) Alternative schedule. Any alternative schedule must be stipulated in the contract.

[67 FR 41115, June 14, 2002]

#### COST SHARING

### § 447.50 Cost sharing: Basis and purpose.

(a) Section 1902(a)(14) of the Act permits States to require certain recipients to share some of the costs of Medicaid by imposing upon them such payments as enrollment fees, premiums, deductibles, coinsurance, co-payments, or similar cost sharing charges. For

States that impose cost sharing payments, §§ 447.51 through 447.59 prescribe State plan requirements and options for cost sharing, specify the standards and conditions under which States may impose cost sharing, set forth minimum amounts and the methods for determining maximum amounts, and prescribe conditions for FFP that relate to cost sharing requirements.

ENROLLMENT FEE, PREMIUM OR SIMILAR COST SHARING CHARGE

#### § 447.51 Requirements and options.

- (a) The plan must provide that the Medicaid agency does not impose any enrollment fee, premium, or similar charge upon categorically needy individuals, as defined in §§ 435.4 and 436.3 of this subchapter, for any services available under the plan.
- (b) The plan may impose an enrollment fee, premium, or similar charge on medically needy individuals, as defined in §§ 435.4 and 436.3 of this subchapter, for any services available under the plan.
- (c) For each charge imposed under paragraph (b) of this section, the plan must specify—
  - (1) The amount of the charge;
- (2) The period of liability for the charge; and
- (3) The consequences for an individual who does not pay.
- (d) The plan must provide that any charge imposed under paragraph (b) of this section is related to total gross family income as set forth under § 447.52.

## § 447.52 Minimum and maximum income-related charges.

For the purpose of relating the amount of an enrollment fee, premium, or similar charge to total gross family income, as required under §447.51(d), the following rules apply:

- (a) *Minimum charge*. A charge of at least \$1.00 per month is imposed on each—
- (1) One- or two-person family with monthly gross income of \$150 or less;
- (2) Three- or four-person family with monthly gross income of \$300 or less; and
- (3) Five- or more-person family with monthly gross income of \$350 or less.